SUMMARY GUIDE

This document provides a quick and easy reference guide of typical constructions using ROCKWOOL insulation products that will assist the end user in meeting the performance levels required by the Part E of the Building Regulations in Ireland.

The new regulations apply to works or changes of use that occur on or after 1st July 2015, at which point the 1997 regulations become obsolete.

Introduction

Application of Part E

The diagram below summarises the areas of a building to which Part E applies, ensuring that dwellings achieve reasonable levels of sound insulation from adjoining buildings or differently occupied parts of the same building.

Performance

The D_{\text{A}} and L_{\text{nT,w}} figures in the table below include flanking transmission. As such, when looking at laboratory-tested R_{\text{w}} figures, these should aim to improve on the targets by at least 5 dB to help ensure compliance.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Separating construction</th>
<th>Airborne sound insulation D_{\text{A}} dB</th>
<th>Impact sound insulation L_{\text{nT,w}} dB</th>
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<td>Walls</td>
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<td>Floors (including stairs with a separating function)</td>
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Compliance

The Department of Environment, Community and Local Government has given several construction types which, if constructed correctly, should achieve the performance levels given in the table above.

This guide outlines ROCKWOOL products and solutions that will comply with this guidance.

Please note that this is merely a summary focusing on insulation requirements. Full guidance can be found in TGD-E.

Separating Walls

1. Wall Type 1 (WT 1) - Solid masonry / concrete with plaster finish

The sound resistance of this wall type depends mainly on the mass of the wall.

WT 1A - Solid masonry plastered on both faces

Specification

The minimum area weight of the wall should be 415 kg/m². Minimum 13mm plaster to each face.

Example construction

- 215mm dense aggregate concrete block (min. 1900 kg/m³) laid flat
- 13mm plaster (10 kg/m²) each side

ROCKWOOL PWCB also meets the requirements of the cavity stop specified in Part B - Fire Safety. For more information, please see Technical Guidance Document B.

WT 1 - Flanking insulation requirements

The cavity should be stopped with ROCKWOOL Party Wall Cavity Barrier (PWCB) to minimise sound transmission along the cavity, unless the cavity is fully filled with ROCKWOOL Cavity.

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WT 1 - Junctions with ceiling and roof

The wall should be continuous to the underside of the roof (but may be unplastered) and the junction between the separating wall and the roof should be filled with ROCKWOOL FLExI® which is also suitable as a fire stop.

The cavities of external walls should be closed at eaves level using ROCKWOOL TCB.

Example construction

- 215mm solid dense block (1900 kg/m³)
- 100mm ROCKWOOL Roll both sides
- Timber battens at 400mm centres
- Metal frame spaced at max. 400mm centres and secured to the wall by brackets

2. Wall Type 2 (WT 2) - Solid masonry with dry lining

The sound resistance of this wall type depends on the mass of the blockwork, the absorptive performance of the ROCKWOOL, and the isolation of the dry-lining.

Specification

The minimum area weight of the wall, including linings, should be 415 kg/m².

Wall lining

The block wall faces should be lined with 100mm ROCKWOOL Roll. The walls should be lined with a gypsum-based board with an area weight of 10 kg/m², fixed to either:

- Timber battens at max. 400mm centres
- Metal frame spaced at max. 400mm centres and secured to the wall by brackets

Example construction

- 215mm solid dense block (1900 kg/m³)
- 100mm ROCKWOOL Roll both sides
- Timber battens at 400mm centres, fixed through the quilt such that the ROCKWOOL Roll is compressed
- 12.5mm plasterboard min. 10 kg/m² both sides

WT 2 - Flanking insulation requirements

The cavity should be stopped with ROCKWOOL PWCB to minimise sound transmission along the cavity, unless the cavity is fully filled with ROCKWOOL Cavity.

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Please note that this is merely a summary focusing on insulation requirements. Full guidance can be found in TGD-E.
WT 2 - Junction with ceiling and roof
The wall should be continuous to the underside of the roof, and the junction between the separating wall and the roof should be filled with ROCKWOOL FLEX®, which is also suitable as a fire stop.
The cavities of external walls should be closed at eaves level using ROCKWOOL Thermal Cavity Barrier (TCB).

3. Wall Type 3 (WT 3) - Cavity masonry with plaster finish
The sound resistance of this wall type depends on the area weight of the blockwork, and the level of isolation between the inner and outer leaves. Workmanship is key since any mortar snots that bridge the cavity or sit on wall ties will weaken performance.

**Specification**
The minimum area weight of the wall, including linings, should be 415 kg/m². Minimum 13mm plaster to each face.

4. Wall Type 4 (WT 4) - Timber framed wall with absorbent material
The sound resistance of this wall type depends on the mass of the plasterboard linings, the absorptive performance of ROCKWOOL, and the isolation of the frames.

**WT 4A - Twin leaf timber frame without sheathing**

**Specification**
- Min. 240mm between inner faces of wall linings
- Min. 50mm gap between inner faces of sheathing

**Wall lining**
Two layers of gypsum board, staggered joints, total area weight each side of 22 kg/m².

**Absorbent material**
100mm ROCKWOOL Roll in each stud.

**WT 4B - Twin leaf timber frame with sheathing**

**Specification**
- Min. 240mm between inner faces of wall linings
- Min. 50mm gap between inner faces of sheathing

**Wall lining**
Two layers of gypsum board, staggered joints, total area weight each side of 22 kg/m².

**Absorbent material**
100mm ROCKWOOL Roll in each stud.

**WT 4 - Flanking Requirements**
The external cavity should be stopped with ROCKWOOL PWCB to minimise sound transmission along the cavity.

**Absorbent material**
100mm ROCKWOOL Roll in each stud.

**WT 4 - Junction with ceiling and roof**
The wall should be continuous to the underside of the roof, and the junction between the separating wall and the roof should be filled with ROCKWOOL PWCB, which is also suitable as a fire stop. The cavities of external walls should be closed at eaves level using ROCKWOOL TCB.

**WT 4 - Junction with timber floor**
Internal floors should not be continuous between dwellings. The horizontal cavity should be stopped with ROCKWOOL TCB.

**Separating Floors**

1. Floor Type 1 - FT1 Resilient material on concrete base with ceiling underneath
The airborne sound resistance of this floor type depends on the mass of the concrete slab and ceiling.
The impact sound resistance depends on the level of isolation provided by the resilient layer.

**AI FT1A—Solid concrete floor**

**Specification**
- Tongue & groove chipboard
- ROCKWOOL ROCKFLOOR®
- Metal frame suspended frame
- Gypsum based board min. 10kg/m²

The area weight of the slab should be min. 365 kg/m².

**Example construction**
- 18mm T&G board
- 25mm ROCKWOOL ROCKFLOOR®
- 200mm concrete slab (2400 kg/m³)
- Coating treatment

*Single layer of 15 kg/m² plasterboard fixed to timber battens and / or counter battens or proprietary resilient channels / metal fixing systems, with an optional layer of ROCKWOOL Roll covering the ceiling board area.*
**FT 1 - Services**

Fully wrap service pipe over its full height and any branches with ROCKWOOL Roll. The pipe should be boxed in with two layers of standard 12.5mm plasterboard.

Penetrations through a separating floor by ducts and pipes should be fire protected to satisfy Building Regulations Part B – please contact ROCKWOOL Technical for advice on selecting an appropriate product.

**FT 1 - Flanking insulation requirements**

The external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL SP Firestop.

The area weight of the slab should be min. 365 kg/m².

**Example construction**

- 18mm T&G board
- 25mm ROCKWOOL ROCKFLOOR®
- 65mm screw
- 200mm (min.) deep precast concrete floor planks

*Single layer of 10kg/m² plasterboard fixed to timber battens and/or proprietary metal/wooden/ashlar ceiling systems, with an optional layer of ROCKWOOL Roll covering the ceiling band area.

**FT 1 - Services**

Fully wrap service pipe over its full height and any branches with ROCKWOOL Roll. The pipe should be boxed in with two layers of standard 12.5mm plasterboard.

Penetrations through a separating floor by ducts and pipes should be fire protected to satisfy Building Regulations Part B – please contact ROCKWOOL Technical for advice on selecting an appropriate product.

**FT 1 - Flanking insulation requirements**

The external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL SP Firestop.

If a high degree of movement is expected, the external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL FIREPRO® SoftSeal.

**Example construction**

- 18mm T&G board
- Timber battens pre-bonded to a resilient strip
- ROCKWOOL Roll between battens
- 65mm screw
- 200mm precast concrete floor planks
- Ceiling treatment (as per FT 1)

**FT 2 - Flanking insulation requirements**

The external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL SP Firestop.

If a high degree of movement is expected, the external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL FIREPRO® SoftSeal.

**FT 3 - Flanking**

The external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL TCB.

**B) FT1B - Precast concrete hollowcore floor**

**Specification**

- Tongue & groove chipboard
- ROCKWOOL ROCKFLOOR®
- Sand: cement screed
- Concrete slab
- Gypsum based board min. 10kg/m²

**Example construction**

- 18mm T&G board
- 25mm ROCKWOOL ROCKFLOOR®
- 65mm screw
- 200mm (min.) deep precast concrete floor planks
- Ceiling treatment*

*Single layer of 10kg/m² plasterboard fixed to timber battens and/or proprietary metal/wooden/ashlar ceiling systems, with an optional layer of ROCKWOOL Roll covering the ceiling band area.

**FT 2 - Flanking insulation requirements**

The external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL SP Firestop.

If a high degree of movement is expected, the external cavity should be stopped at floor slab level with ROCKWOOL FIREPRO® SoftSeal.

**Example construction**

- 18mm T&G board
- Timber battens pre-bonded to a resilient strip
- ROCKWOOL Roll between battens
- 65mm screw
- 200mm precast concrete floor planks
- Ceiling treatment (as per FT 1)

**FT 2 - Services**

Fully wrap service pipe over its full height and any branches with ROCKWOOL Roll. The pipe should be boxed in with two layers of standard 12.5mm plasterboard.

Penetrations through a separating floor by ducts and pipes should be fire protected to satisfy Building Regulations Part B – please contact ROCKWOOL Technical for advice on selecting an appropriate product.